

DAILY SENTINEL

FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1903

THE DAILY SENTINEL is sent to all the early morning express and freight trains, and delivered to subscribers in adjacent towns about the same time it is distributed in this city. This enables readers at a distance from the Capital of Indiana, to get the news of the day from six to twelve hours before they receive it through papers published elsewhere. News dealers and carriers in any of the towns on railroads entering at Indianapolis, will be supplied with the SENTINEL, on as good terms as any other paper. Clubs for the Daily will be supplied at Agents' rates. Orders are solicited. d4w

A Mistake.

The impression appears to prevail among many Democrats that we have no job office connected with the SENTINEL office. This is a mistake. There is no office in the city that is so well prepared to do all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING as we are (except large bill posters), and we will feel under obligations to all Democrats, not only in the city, but in the State, for any work they can send to our office. We have no public patronage to depend on to add the paper—we ask the party to add work to their work, as far as they can. We can do as good work, and on as good terms, as any other office.

SPEECHES OF Hendricks and Voorhees.

The speech of Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks, before the Democratic Convention on the 19th of January, 1902, and the speech of Hon. Daniel W. Voorhees, in the House of Representatives, February 20, on the duty of the Federal Government in its relations to the civil war and the objects for which it should be prosecuted, are for sale at this office, published in a pamphlet of sixteen pages, including both speeches. Each copy is among the ablest delivered on the present crisis, and should be placed in the hands of every voter in the State.

The first issue having been entirely exhausted, we are now preparing a large edition to supply the increasing demand.

These living off express notes must provide for pre-paying the postage, which is one cent per copy. Price \$1 per hundred. All orders promptly filled.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

See first page.

Antonio Brothers' Great World Circus visits this city to-morrow.

The Hon. Jesse D. Bright and the Hon. Michael G. Bright were in the city yesterday.

Constitution bills on the Boylston Bank Boston, Mass., are in circulation.

A paper says "Old Abe" has now got a fast Hoe press in operation and can print money as fast as his friends can steal it. This is doubtful.

Mathematicians agree that ten mills make one cent. At the present price of wheat a dollar if twenty mills can make a cent.

Never run in debt, especially with shoe-makers—for then you can't say your sole is your own.

We are under slightly obligations to Mr. Fred Cook, of the Adams Express Company, for late Louisville papers.

The Supreme Court of Indiana commences its fall term next Monday. The Judges are now in session, in Chambers.

If you want a tip top gold pen, buy Dawson, Warren & Hyde's, for sale by Wenden & Co., opposite Glenn's Block. 22 w-2.

Lawyers requiring briefs can get them printed in regular law style at the Sentinel office. Our law type can't be beat, and our compositors are accustomed to all kinds of work.

UNITED STATES COURT.—Yesterday a few motions were heard and disposed of and several default entered. The Court will convene to-day at 9 o'clock.

The several Methodist Conferences of the West are at their spring session voting on the subject of "lay delegation." The vote so far is against the lay.

W. P. Bingham & Co., 20 East Washington street, are selling the supply of Silver Plated Ware at less prices than any other store in the city. They engrave all articles with full name and date.

The Excelsior Dining Club, as will be seen by advertisement, give a picnic. A gay and happy time may be expected. The most accomplished ladies and gallant gentlemen of the city give this festive party.

The sale of that beautiful suburban tract of land of seven acres on the Madison gravel road, one mile south of the city, has been postponed till Monday, May 26th, at 2 o'clock P. M., at which time it will be sold without any reserve. For particulars apply to Wiley's real estate office. 19-att.

Mr. George Wofford, Sheriff of Vanderburgh county, and Mr. Edward S. Martin, Marshal of the city of Evansville, were in Indianapolis yesterday on official business. We were happy to see both the gentlemen, and we hope when occasion calls them this way that they will call again.

Our friend John M. Caldwell, formerly of this county, with a gentleman named Kuga, both late of the Postoffice Department at Washington City, will shortly open a wholesale grocery and commission house at Indianapolis. We recommend them to the citizens of that village as highly honorable gentlemen.—Vincennes Sun.

W. P. Bingham & Co., have one of the best engravers in the city and have had him for some time, "therefore all this talk about having the only engraver in the city is all nonsense." The place to buy a genuine American watch is at W. P. Bingham & Co., No. 20 East Washington street. You can have the watch engraved free.

Dr. Hooker, of this city, who returned from Pittsburgh Landing in charge of a boat load of sick, gave us valuable information of the condition of the army before Corinth. The Doctor brought with him a number of letters from the sick, which he took off by himself, which he left at this office for the examination of the curious.

VALERIAN CITY LOT.—We call special attention to the sale on Saturday next, the 24th inst., at the Court House door, at 10 A. M., of fifty feet of the east side of lot 7, in square 47, on Market street, part of the late residence of Douglas M. Residence of the Governor. It is seldom so convenient and desirable a lot is offered for sale.

Everybody and their friends are invited to No. 56, East Washington street, on Friday night, May 23, at 9 o'clock, to a large sale of various kinds of great variety of dillies, fuschias, single and double, and heliotropes, together with a general assortment of geraniums, and roses, also a large collection of azaleas, cactuses and other hot-house plants, and a large stock of ferns.

FRANKLIN & BARKER, Auctioneers. 22-2

Haves, opposite the Bates House, has the biggest and neatest little stock and poultry in the city. All sorts of vegetables, tropical fruits, provisions, choice sugars, teas, and coffees, best brands of family flour, choice fresh country butter, all temptingly displayed, and offered at prices that get competition out of the question. We notice strawberries, gooseberries, currants, and other delicacies are generally procured by Haves in advance of the market. Give him a call.

PULPIT POLICE: or Ecclesiastical Legislation on Slavery, in its disturbing influence on the American Union, by Prof. David Christy, author of "Cotton is King," "Eschew," "Chemistry of Agriculture," etc. Egan & McLean, publishers, Cincinnati.

This is a very valuable book, and should be in the hands of every person that wants to be informed on the great influence the pulp has exercised in bringing about the present troubles in our country. In order to facilitate Democrats in Indiana in getting this work, we have them for sale at the Sentinel office. The volume is handsomely printed and bound, containing 624 pages. Price \$1.00. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

The Song of a Brigadier.

"We have had enough of action."—TAKES.

I wear a splendid uniform,
I ride a splendid steed;
I talk both loud and valiantly
Of Honor and the Flag;
But let the South be easy still,
Her soldiers need not fear;
Now show me how shall I lay them low
While I'm a Brigadier.

I enter gallantly through the streets
Attended by my staff;
Unheeding little vulgar boys
Who hoot and stare and chaff;
And such a staff! all foreign names
Quite wonderful to hear;
Now show me how shall I lay them low
For such a Brigadier.

I've Bismarck, the Duke of Thul,
And Prince of Tother, too,
And people ask me "what on earth
I have for them to do."
I plan to all but vulgar minds
To want a kindred sphere.
There's nothing like the blood and style
To lead a Brigadier.

No bloody wounds and hurra for me!
Perhaps I am a sham,
But Politics and Influence
Have placed me where I am;
I give my dinners, draw my pay,
Drink brandy, wine, and beer,
And all mean to live a jolly time
While I'm a Brigadier.

Investigations pass me by,
Committees raise no row,
No one expects that I will fight,
And, faith! I don't know how;
I'm not for war, but ornament,
So much day I appear
In buttons, braid, and gold arrayed,
A fancy Brigadier.

There are a plenty in the field
Who really like to fight,
Give me but money and good clothes,
And I'll be harmless, quiet;
Yet there is one thing on my mind
That terrifies me to death,
How can the Government afford
My style of Brigadier?

The contraband population is getting quite large in this city. Every distinguished army officer that has been in the war, is sending one or more home, to wait on their families. It is getting fashionable to have a nigger—common people, we suppose, will soon be aping military heroes and adopting them. If some free male citizen should happen to come out against any of these nigger-loving gentry, under the 13th article of the Constitution, perhaps it would cost the honor of the confederators. Perhaps it will be done.

General Order Number 18.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Indianapolis, May 22, 1862.

The President having made a requisition upon the Governor of Indiana for an additional regiment of Infantry for the United States service, the patriotic people of our noble State are once more called upon to rally to the support of the "Old Flag," and maintain the honor of the State.

The regiment will rendezvous at Indianapolis, and clothing and equipments will be furnished to the men as soon as they arrive in camp. The details of organization and drill will be furnished on applications to the Adjutant General's Office.

By order of the Commander in Chief,
L. A. NOBLE, Adjutant General.

DEAR SIR: We are appointed a committee to present, in the name of your friends of old Montgomery county, the accompanying sword, as a slight testimonial of our appreciation of your services in the present war, and more particularly for the gallantry you displayed at the taking of Fort Donelson. We know that this sword will never be tarnished in history, except in the appropriate use in the service of our common country, and that it will never be ignominiously surrendered. Take the sword, gentlemen, and use it to put down the rebel scoundrel. When it is crushed out, sheath it till your country again calls for it from its scabbard. We should have been pleased to have presented this sword personally, but the rules of the service put it out of our power to do so—and we send it by the sanitary committee, Drs. May and McClellan.

May a kind Providence shield you in the day of battle, and preserve you from the sickness incident to your campaigns, and finally return you to your friends and your home.

Yours, &c.,
S. C. WILSON,
J. P. CAMPBELL,
JOHN LEE.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD DIVISION,
Near Monterey, Tenn., May 5, 1862.

Messrs. S. C. Wilson, J. P. Campbell and John Lee, Committee, Crawfordsville.

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the sword presented to me by your old friends in Montgomery. In the letter accompanying it you are pleased to say it is a slight testimonial of their appreciation of my services in the present war, and more particularly for the gallantry I displayed at the taking of Fort Donelson. The remark, gentlemen, is as gratifying as the present is beautiful. I gave the cause my whole soul in the beginning, and nothing has been permitted to come between me and it. My personal successes are attributable to the Providence that always smiles upon an earnest soldier struggling in a righteous behalf, and I did not believe that it was for the sake of the cause that I was thus generously signified my success, the testimonial would be stripped of one half its pleasure. With much gratitude I accept the present, and will keep it for my country.

Very respectfully,
LEWIS WALLACE.

INSURANCE.

Indiana Fire Insurance Co.,
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.
Office—No. 56 Odd Fellows' Hall.

INSURES Dwellings, Household Furniture, Barns, Hay, Grain and Live stock, etc. Also, fire, lightning, and other detached property, against loss and damage by fire and lightning, for the term of five or seven years.

DIRECTORS:
J. S. Barker, Indianapolis; E. D. Marshall, Indianapolis; William C. Barker, Indianapolis; D. S. N. Hoyle, Greencastle; Frederick Barker, Indianapolis; James Barker, Indianapolis; William T. Gibson, Indianapolis.

OFFICERS:
J. S. Barker, President; F. Barker, Treasurer; W. C. Barker, Vice President; W. L. Gibson, Secretary; May 22.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE—SEVERAL ELEGANT residences in this city. Also, building lots and suburban residences, on easy terms.

Also, Garden Lots, varying in size from one to forty acres.

Also, Western Lands to exchange for city property, and will pay difference of value in money.

Also, to call and register their property on my books. Persons desiring to buy or exchange property are requested to call. Take up the books of money, examine titles, and pay taxes. Horse and buggy always ready to convey persons round the city to look at property.

Office—Opposite Glenn's Block. 19-13-14

SCHOOL ORGANS.

A NEW INSTRUMENT—JUST THE THING FOR Sabbath Schools, Academies and Small Churches.

Price \$1.00. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

WILLARD & STOWELL.

CANDIDATES.

"WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE the name of JAMES K. McLELLAN, as a candidate to represent Indiana in the next Legislature, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention."

MARY VOTERS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TOMLINSON & CO., Druggists, No. 10 East Washington Street.

Have been appointed for the sale of **BRAND'S TUSSELL'S** THE WONDERFUL GRANULES, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, the Ears and Throat, and Diseases of the Lungs. Sold in large boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and \$1 each. 18-14-15

SINGER & CO.'S LETTER "A" FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, with all the recent improvements, is the BEST and CHEAPEST and MOST BEAUTIFUL of all sewing machines. This machine will sew anything, from the running of a track in railroad to the making of an overcoat—anything from pilot or weaver cloth to the finest gauze or gossamer tissue, and is ever ready to do its work to perfection. It can sew, hem, bind, gather, tack, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only machine that can sew, hem, bind, and so forth, but it will do better than any other machine. The Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case, which is now becoming so popular, is, as its name implies, one that can be folded into a box or case, when, when opened, makes a beautiful, substantial, and spacious work table. The Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine is of every imaginable design—plain as the wood grew in its native forest, or as elaborately finished as art can make them.

L. M. SINGER & CO.,
No. 405 Broadway, New York.

Indianapolis Office—No. 3 Odd Fellows' Hall, Washington street. 18-14-15

CAUTION.

The market is full of imitations, represented to be the same as "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," which are in most cases productive of positive injury. Many dealers will recommend inferior preparations and lower prices of ornaments, offering more profit to themselves. Ask for and use only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," which by long experience have proved their value, having received the sanction of physicians generally, and testimonials from eminent men throughout the country.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, when allowed to dissolve slowly in the mouth, have a direct influence on the affected parts, and act with great effect to the lungs, inducing the windpipe into the bronchial tubes, pulmonary irritation and gives relief in Coughs, Colds, and the various Throat affections to which public speakers and singers are liable. 18-14-15

DRY GOODS.

AT CALLINAN'S,
No. 27 East Washington Street.

SECOND INVOICES OF ENTIRELY NEW DESIGNS IN LADIES' SPRING AND SUMMER CLOAKS.

Chas. Callinan and Delia Allen of Chicago, from 7 to 10 per cent. Shawl, Pique, Tulle, and Fancy Goods, including all the latest styles in New York and Boston. JUST RECEIVED, IN FULL STOCK, AND READY TO ORDER.

PIANOS.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANOS.
STEINWAY & SON'S PIANOS.

Just received at No. 4 Bates House, WILLARD & STOWELL.

CAVALRY & ARTILLERY.
ONE HUNDRED Young Men wanted for the U. S. Army, to fill up the old organized Mounted Regiments. For particulars apply at the Recruiting Office, No. 19 West Washington street, over Vajen's Hardware Store, in charge of ROBERT S. SMITH, 1st Lieut, 24 U. S. Cavalry, Recruiting Office, 19-13-14

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

C. L. S. Matthews,
GENERAL COMMISSION

FORWARDING MERCHANT,
Large Fire-Proof Building,
NO. 124 FOURTH ST., WEST SIDE,
Between Main Street and the River,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

PAPER DEALERS.

THOMAS NIXON, WM. H. CHAFFIELD, WM. WOODS,
Nixon, Chaffield & Woods,
17 and 19 Walnut St., Cincinnati.

Manufacturers and Wholesale dealers in PAPER.

PRINTERS' CARDS AND CARD SHEETS.

PRINTING INKS AND PAPER MANUFACTURERS—also, engravings, and all the Magnolia Mills writing paper, many agents of extra wrapping paper and paper bags.

PAINTS, &C.

Paints! Paints! Paints!
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION—DRY, GROUND IN OIL, and

MIXED READY FOR USE.

Also, Vermilion, Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes, and in fact everything that appertains to the trade, for sale at reduced prices for cash, at the Red Front, No. 11 Virginia avenue. Remember the Red Front, opposite Dr. Duggan's residence. 19-13-14

NOTICE.

The firm of SPENCER & SOWELL has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued at the old stand by Mr. Spencer, who will keep constantly on hand a full supply of the very best articles of Family Groceries, cheap for cash, and will sell all new items as they come in.

All persons owing the late firm will please call at the old stand and make settlement by note or cash. Short settlements made long.

SPENCER & SOWELL.

P. S.—All the outstanding debts are coming to Mr. Spencer, who will be made to Mr. Spencer, taking a receipt therefor. 19-13-14

PHYSICIANS.

Drs. Parvin & Fletcher.
No. 67 NORTH ALABAMA STREET.

Dr. Fletcher's residence, No. 137 North Tennessee street. Dr. Parvin's, No. 68 North Alabama street. 19-13-14

DRS. JAMESON & FUNKHOUSER,

Office No. 5,
SOUTH MERIDIAN STREET.

OINTMENT.

The Indian Pine Ointment

Is warranted to cure the most obstinate cases of Itch. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by all Druggists. 19-13-14

TELEGRAPHIC.

"REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE DAILY STATE SENTINEL."

Noon Reports.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

REBEL OFFICERS CAPTURED.

SKIRMISHING NEAR CORINTH.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—A special to the Tribune from Memphis, Tenn., says:

It is not yet precisely determined what number of volunteers to call for, but it will not be far from 100,000, including those needed to fill up regiments.

It will scarcely be credited that they are brought to our army in Virginia from Maine, and from Illinois, although all these articles can be had for the taking from premises abandoned by the rebels. Their arms do not scruple to strip loot of everything which can be removed from them.

A pontoon bridge has been laid, and the Rappahannock can now be crossed at four different points.

Orders have been issued for two pairs of shoes and one pair of leggings for the infantry of the army of the Rappahannock.

The greatest activity prevails, and stirring news may be expected from this quarter before long.

The President has decided that 50,000 more volunteers shall be accepted. They are to fill up regiments that have been thinned out by wounds and sickness and to form a reserve under drill for the future which may be ready at the decisive moment.

Notwithstanding the solemn threat of certain Senators to hold their refusal to take up the bill in *terrorem* over the head of the President to the effect of conducting the war, the bill was taken up to-day and will be shaped upon without delay. It will probably be shaped and passed before the end of the month.

The impression is that Senator Simons' substitute, which is more simple in its provisions than the House bill, will finally be adopted.

The armor of the Galena which was pierced by the projectiles of the rebel battery below Richmond, was but three inches thick.

The gunboats on the western waters are thinly plated and but partially clad, hence the necessity of the six inch plate which have been ordered for the new gunboats of the Monitor style that are now in process of erection in New York.

The Monitor has thus far stood the fire with her five inch plates, but as guns of enormous caliber and projectiles of great momentum are in vogue it is safe to increase the thickness of the armor.

From New York.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Quite a number of wounded soldiers of Western States troops, including Michigan, Iowa, Wisconsin, Ohio and Indiana, have recently arrived in this city from the army. They are being cared for at the New England hospital, the agents of New York State declining to furnish them with transportation.

NEW YORK, May 22.—News received from Havana of the 17th inst., says that Spanish troops in yesterday bringing orders from Vera Cruz to the 12th and Mexico to the 21.

Vera Cruz was in possession of the Alamoites, thanks to French bayonets. No confidence is placed in the news given through his organs.

Private letters say that the battle of Audzuingo was a drawn one, the French losing the most killed and wounded, but the Mexicans retired. These latter directed their fire principally at the French officers, knowing they could not be replaced till a free imprisonment should arrive from France.

All persons committing fearful ravages at Vera Cruz, having appeared earlier and in a more malignant form than usual.

We are told that 120 Americans from Texas had attacked the town of Piedras de Gras, in the State of San Luis Potosi, and had been driven back by the Custom House and various buildings. Saragosa has defeated Marquez. This seems to have been a decisive defeat, although Marquez got away. He has been deposed and Cabos placed in his stead.

General Prieto and staff had arrived, but he was not received with much enthusiasm.

A Spanish steamer had gone to New Orleans to protect the welfare and property there of Her Majesty's subjects.

The Wike Zamacoma Treaty has been ratified by the Mexican Government in spite of the protest of the French Plenipotentiaries against any treaty of the Mexican Government might make unless it were a direct concession of territory.

The French troops left them and 1,500 were ready to occupy Orizaba in the same way. The French are moving toward the Capital, but the Mexicans are closing in fast behind them.

There had been no Confederate arrival lately. The English steamer Havana came in on the 13th, eight days from St. Marks, Florida, with 160 tons of cotton.

The glorious news from the States caused a depression in our markets. Sugar and cotton have a downward tendency.

Many vessels here are waiting to get to New Orleans as the States is so open, and some have refused charters here already.

From Detroit.

DETROIT, May 22.—The schooner Rapid, Capt. Black, was sunk and the Captain drowned by a collision with the schooner Narragansett off Clay Banks Tuesday night. The cargo, 13,000 bushels of wheat, is probably a total loss.

Night Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, May 22.

Several petitions were presented from citizens of Maryland, asking for the better enforcement of the fugitive slave law. The Senate will consider them, that they may secure a large number of slaves which are now in the District.

A resolution, calling on the Secretary of the Navy for reports of the late battles on the Mississippi river, was adopted.

Mr. Sumner offered a resolution that the Committee on the District of Columbia be directed to inquire what legislation is necessary to protect persons of African descent from unconstitutional seizures as fugitive slaves, or seizure by disloyal persons.

Mr. Powell objected to the consideration of the resolution. Laid over.

Mr. Wade moved to take up the bill donating land to the National Colleges of Agriculture, and the mechanic arts.

Mr. Lane of Kansas opposed the motion. The bill was taken up—yeas 23, nays 19.

At one o'clock the Senate proceeded to organize itself in a high court of impeachment for the trial of West H. Humphreys.

The Secretary of the Senate administered the oath to the Vice President and the Senators. The House notified the Senate was organized. A high court of impeachment, and ready to receive the managers of the trial for impeachment from the House.

The managers on the part of the House, Messrs. Bingham, Pendleton, Locke and Train then appeared.

Mr. Bingham read the articles of impeachment made by the House against West H. Humphreys for high crimes and misdemeanors and demanded in the name of all the people of the United States and House of Representatives that said West H. Humphreys be called on to answer to the high crimes alleged against him.

The Vice President then asked the proper question in the case and that the notice would be given the House of the same, thereupon the court adjourned for the present.

The tax bill was taken up and an amendment for thirty cents per gallon was then agreed to.

Mr. Foster offered a resolution that the Secretary of the Senate issue a summons in the usual form to West H. Humphreys to answer to the impeachment made by the House, the summons requesting the said West H. Humphreys to appear in court of impeachment adjourn till the 5th of June.

Adopted.

After further consideration of the tax bill, having reached the 63d section, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Cullax reported back from the Postoffice Committee the bill to secure the speedy transportation of the mails by requiring railroad companies to enter into a contract with the Postmaster General, and in the case of failure, to agree upon compensation, the same shall be fixed and determined by the Court of Claims.

Mr. Cullax explained that the bill was to liberate the Government from the combination of railroad interests, who now dictate their own terms.

Mr. Diven and Mr. Roscoe Conkling opposed the bill on the ground that it proposed an unjust interference with private rights as secured by law. The bill passed by a majority.

The House then resumed the consideration of the confederate bill.

Mr. Kelly, rising to a personal explanation, said he found in the Globe language which he did not yesterday hear uttered on this floor, and part of this language was not in the notes of the reporter. He caused the alleged interpolated words to be read as follows:

Mr. Voorhees—"Whenever the gentleman from Pennsylvania—

Mr. Kelly—"I do not yield to the gentleman—

Mr. Voorhees—"You shall yield. I denounce the gentleman's statement as false, and I denounce him as a calumniator.

The Speaker—"The gentleman from Indiana is out of order, and will take his seat."

Mr. Voorhees—"I will allow no man to impeach my loyalty to the Government, and especially I will not allow the member from Pennsylvania, who has signified himself on this floor for nothing except the defense of thieves."

Mr. Kelly, after the Clerk had read the above, said he did not hear such remarks, and that they were not all noted by the reporter. The man who could so completely interpolate language of that kind in a public report, is a liar and scoundrel. (Hisses and calls to order.)

The Speaker—"The gentleman who has just spoken is out of order, and will take his seat."

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